

1 En cada caso calcula y simplifica si es posible

$$A \frac{4}{8} \times \frac{7}{6} = \frac{28}{48} = \frac{7}{12} = \frac{6}{12} + \frac{1}{12} = \frac{3}{6} + \frac{1}{12}$$

$$P \frac{7}{13} \times \frac{8}{10} = \frac{112}{120} = \frac{56}{60} = \frac{28}{30} = \frac{14}{15}$$

$$\frac{CS}{2} \times 6 = 42 \div 2 = 21$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 421 \\ 6 \overline{) 2526} \\ \underline{24} \\ 12 \\ \underline{12} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$E\frac{8}{17} = \frac{9}{10} \frac{80}{99} = 77.77\%$$

$$F \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{2}{8} = \frac{24}{8} \quad \frac{12}{4} \quad \frac{6}{2} \quad 3$$

$$2 \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{4} \right) \times \frac{4}{5} = \frac{4+4}{8} \times \frac{4}{5} = \frac{8}{8} \times \frac{4}{5} = \frac{40}{32} = \frac{5}{4}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 8 & 4 \\ 3 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \div 3 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 \\ 10 & 5 \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$\left(\frac{8}{3} + \frac{2}{3}\right) \div \frac{3}{1} = \left(\frac{1}{5} + \frac{4}{5}\right)$$

$$\left(\frac{24+6}{3} \right) \div 1 - \left(\frac{20+5}{5} \right)$$

$$\frac{30}{3} - \frac{3}{1} - \frac{25}{5}$$

$$\frac{10}{1} \div \frac{3}{1} = \frac{5}{1}$$

$$\frac{10}{3} - \frac{5}{1} = \frac{10-15}{3} = \frac{-5}{3}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 25 \overline{) 5} \\ \underline{5} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

3

$$A \quad \frac{4}{5} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{8}{5}$$

$$B \quad \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{9}{8}$$

$$C \quad \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{5}{2} = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$D \quad \frac{5}{9} \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{10}{18}$$

$$E \quad \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{9}{40}$$

$$F \quad \frac{9}{5} \times \frac{3}{7} = \frac{27}{35}$$