

$$\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{3}{12} + \frac{4}{12} = \frac{7}{12}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|rr} 3 & 1 & 4 \\ & 4 & 2 \\ & 2 & 2 \\ \hline & & 12 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{3}{5} + \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|rr} 5 & 6 & 5 \\ & 6 & 2 \\ & 3 & 3 \\ \hline & 1 & 30 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{10}{30} + \frac{18}{30} = \frac{28}{30}$$

$$\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{8}$$

4	8	2
2	8	2
1	8	2
4	2	2
5	1	2

$$\frac{4}{32} + \frac{24}{32} = \frac{28}{32}$$

$$\frac{5}{8} \quad \quad \quad \frac{3}{6}$$

4	2	1
4	1	2
2		2
1		
		8

$$\frac{4}{80} = \frac{1}{20}$$

2. MAR LOS SISTEMAS ADICIONES BUSCANDO AL MINIMO COMO SE PUEDAN DEDUCIR.

$$1. \frac{5}{4} + \frac{3}{6}$$

$$B. \frac{3}{5} + \frac{7}{15}$$

$$C. \frac{3}{8} + \frac{5}{6}$$

$$0.5f_{12} + f_{15}$$

$$A \quad \frac{5}{4} + \frac{3}{6}$$

$$\frac{5 \times 3}{4 \times 3} + \frac{3 \times 2}{6 \times 2} = \frac{15}{12} + \frac{6}{12} = \frac{21}{12}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 1 & 3 \\ \hline 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 \\ \hline & 1 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{5} + \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{3 \times 3}{5 \times 2} = \frac{9}{15} + \frac{1}{15} = \frac{10}{15} \div 5 = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline 15 \end{array}$$

$$C. \frac{3}{8} + \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\frac{3 \times 3}{8 \times 3} + \frac{5 \times 4}{6 \times 4} = \frac{9}{24} + \frac{20}{24}$$

0	0	2
2	2	2
1	1	2

24

$$D. \frac{5}{12} + \frac{7}{15}$$

$$\frac{5 \times 5}{12 \times 5} + \frac{7 \times 4}{15 \times 4} = \frac{25}{60} + \frac{28}{60} = \frac{53}{60}$$

12	15	1
6	15	2
3	15	3
1	15	5
5	5	1

3. Haz las siguientes sumas de fracciones usando el MÍNIMO COMÚN MÚLTIPLO

$$E. \frac{5}{4} - \frac{1}{6}$$

$$P. \frac{2}{8} - \frac{3}{10}$$

$$G. \frac{7}{6} - \frac{3}{5}$$

$$H. \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$I. \frac{5}{12} - \frac{1}{3}$$

E

$$\frac{5}{4} - \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{5 \times 3}{4 \times 3} - \frac{1 \times 2}{6 \times 2} = \frac{15}{12} - \frac{2}{12} = \frac{13}{12} = 1 \frac{1}{12}$$

4	6	2
2	6	2
1	6	1
1	1	1

F

$$\frac{2}{8} - \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{2 \times 1}{8 \times 1} - \frac{3 \times 2}{4 \times 2} = \frac{2}{8} - \frac{6}{8} = \frac{1}{8}$$

8	4	2
4	4	2
2	2	1
1	1	1

$$6. \quad \frac{11}{10} - \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{11}{10} \times \frac{1}{1} - \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{2}{2} = \frac{11}{10} - \frac{6}{10} = \frac{10}{10} = 1$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ 5 \\ \hline 5 \end{array} \begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 5 \\ \hline 5 \end{array} \begin{array}{r} 2 \\ 10 \\ \hline 10 \end{array}$$

$$11. \quad \frac{7}{9} - \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\frac{7}{9} \times \frac{2}{2} - \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{3}{3} = \frac{14}{18} - \frac{3}{18} = \frac{11}{18}$$

$$1. \quad \frac{6}{12} - \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{6}{12} \times \frac{1}{1} - \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{4}{4} = \frac{6}{12} - \frac{4}{12} = \frac{2}{12} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ 6 \\ \hline 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{r} 3 \\ 3 \\ \hline 3 \end{array} \begin{array}{r} 2 \\ 2 \\ \hline 2 \end{array}$$