

module 4 // Unit 2

Travelling Around Colombia

Lesson I » The Biggest Cities

1. Read and choose the best options.

Founded in 1689, San Gil is known as the ¹most adventurous / more adventurous city in Colombia. You can do things like white water rafting, caving and mountain bike riding. With an average temperature of 23°C, it has a perfect climate; however, it does have a very high annual rainfall of 1274 mm/year. With an area of 150 km2 and a population of 43,000, it is still a relatively small city, making it ²most relaxing / more relaxing than larger cities.

Villa de Leyva is a favourite with tourists given that it is probably one of the 3 more picturesque / most picturesque towns in the country. Founded in 1572, it is one of the 4more colonial / most colonial towns in Colombia and has the 5most big / biggest town square in the country. With a population of only 16,478 people and an area of 128 km2 it is actually a town, not a city. The town has an average annual rainfall of 914mm/ year and an average temperature of 17°C.

Cartagena, the $^6\text{most}$ touristic / more touristic city in Colombia was founded in 1533 and is one of the ⁷most old / oldest cities in the country. Located on the Caribbean coast, it is popular with people wanting to relax on the beach or people wanting to explore the old walled city which is the *more interesting / most interesting and *more historical / most historical part of the city. Given the population of 895,400 people within an area of 572 km2, some people find outside the walled city to be a little stressful. The annual average temperature is 28°C and 870mm/year of rainfall.

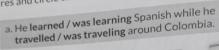
- 2. Reread the tourist information from exercise 1 and decide if the statements are 'true' or 'false'. Correct the false answers.
 - 1. San Gil is the hottest of the 3 places. False. Cartagena is the hottest of the 3 places.
 - 2. San Gil is smaller than Cartagena.
 - 3. Villa de Leyva is more historical than San Gil.
 - 4. Villa de Leyva is the most touristic place in Colombia.
- 5. San Gil is the most crowded of the 3 places.
- 6. Villa de Leyva has the highest annual rainfall of the 3 places.
- 7. San Gil is the youngest of the 3 places.
- 8. Villa de Leyva has a smaller town square than Cartagena.



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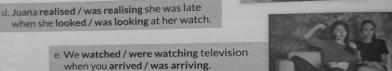
Lesson 2 » Incredible Places

1. Look at the pictures and circle the correct options.



b. They walked / were walking the dog when it began / was beginning to rain.

> c. I told / was telling a story when you phoned / were phoning me.



2. Read the postcard and complete with when or while.

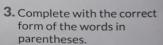
Hey Pablo!

⁴When I arrived to Santa Marta yesterday morning, the sun was shining and it was really hot. I went straight to the __ I was swimming I met an amazing girl beach and 2___ from London. We spent the whole day together and did

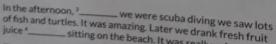
of fish and turtles. It was amazing. Later we drank fresh fruit sitting on the beach. It was really refreshing.

Then in the evening we were eating dinner at a restaurant _____a group of musicians started playing music for us. It was so romantic! I didn't want the day to end.

See you soon Jaunfe!



| When Stella ¹ arrived (arrive) at her best friend's house, she ² (take) a shower so she had to wait. While her best friend, Cathy, ³ |
|---|
| (get) dressed, Stella (sit) on her bed looking at magazines. She 5 (turn) the pages of the magazine when she 6 |
| (find) an article about Palomino in La Guajira in Colombia. It looked like such an amazing place, they both 7 (decide) to travel there for their |



I think I am in love! I think I am going to study at university in







Lesson 3 » The Colombian Caribbean

1. Look at the information about the two Colombian towns and complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in parentheses.

Salento



| Location | Quindío, mountainous coffee region |
|-----------------|---|
| Year founded | 1842 |
| Area covered | 377 km2 |
| Weather | Warm: 16-26°C |
| Population | 7,247 |
| Things to visit | Cocora Valley, Calle Real, look-out, coffee farm |
| Elevation | 1,895 m |

San Agustin



| Location | Huila, mountainous region | | | |
|-----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Year founded | 1752 | | | |
| Area covered | 1310 km2 | | | |
| Weather | Warm: 18-28°C | | | |
| Population | 32,898 | | | |
| Things to visit | Archaeological Park, Go hiking in 'El Estrecho' | | | |
| Elevation | 1,730 m | | | |

- a. Salento is younger (young) than San Agustin.
- b. San Agustin has a ____ (low) elevation than Salento.
- c. Salento is _____ (small) than San Agustin.
- d. Salento is _____ (cold) than San Augstin.
- e. San Agustin has a _____ (big) population than Salento.
- 2. Complete Julian's review about San Agustin with the correct form of the words in brackets.

| 3. | Based on Julian's review, write | a |
|----|---------------------------------|---|
| | similar one for Salento. | |

| | Barrier . |
|--|---------------|
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