

PROPÓSITO:

- Los estudiantes verán el Verbo To Be en pasado, con el uso de los pronombres personales.
- Practicará y resolverá las actividades propuestas que le ayudaran a comprender el aprendizaje

MOTIVACIÓN:

Verbo To - Be (Pasado), pronombres personales.

Mirar el siguiente video y escribir las oraciones en ingles aplicando las oraciones donde este el verbo to be en pasado.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IUmteli30rE>

Pronombre	To Be in past	Ser / Estar en pasado
I (Yo)	was	era / estaba
You (Tú/Usted)	were	eras / estabas
He (Él)	was	era / estaba
She (Ella)	was	era / estaba
It (Eso)	was	era / estaba
We (Nosotros)	were	éramos / estábamos
They (Ellos)	were	eran / estaban

(Después de ver el video escribe oraciones en ingles con los pronombre personales y el verbo to be en pasado) - (WAS - WERE)

- I was in my house / Yo estaba en mi casa
- She was a student last year / Ella era un estudiante el año pasado
- He was with my mom that day / Él estaba con mi mamá ese día
- You were in USA last weekend / Tú estabas en EEUU el fin de semana pasado
- You were a policeman / Tú eras un policía
- He was your boss / Él era tu jefe
- He was in my office / Él estaba en mi oficina
- She was with you / Ella estaba contigo
- She was at the mall that night / Ella estaba en el centro comercial esa noche
- It was very beautiful / Era muy bonito
- It was so green / (Eso) Era tan verde
- We were like family / Nosotros éramos como familia
- We were three in the room / Nosotros éramos 3 en el cuarto
- They were good people / Ellos eran buenas personas
- They were at the game / Ellos estaban en el partido

VERBO TO BE - PASADO SIMPLE		
MODO AFIRMATIVO	MODO INTERROGATIVO	MODO NEGATIVO
I was Fui / era estuve / estaba	Was I? ¿fui? / ¿era? ¿estuve? / ¿estaba?	I was not no fui / no era no estuve / no estaba
You were Fuiste eras estuviste / estabas	Were you? ¿fuiste? / ¿eras? ¿estuviste? / ¿estabas?	You were not no fuiste / no eras no estuviste / no estabas
He was Fue / era estuvo / estaba	Was he? ¿fue? / ¿era? ¿estuvo? / ¿estaba?	He was not no fue / no era no estuvo / no estaba
She was Fue / era estuvo / estaba	Was she? ¿fue? / ¿era? ¿Estuvo? / ¿Estaba?	She was not no fue / no era no estuvo / no estaba
It was Fue / era estuvo / estaba	Was it? ¿fue? / ¿era? ¿estuvo? / ¿Estaba?	It was not no fue / no era no estuvo / no estaba
We were Fuimos / éramos estuvimos / estábamos	Were we? ¿fuimos? / ¿éramos? ¿estuvimos? / ¿estábamos?	We were not no fuimos / no éramos no estuvimos / no estábamos
You were Fueron / eran estuvieron / estaban	Were you? ¿fueron? / ¿eran? ¿estuvieron? / ¿estaban?	You were not no fueron / no eran no estuvieron / no estaban
They were Fueron / eran estuvieron / estaban	Were they? ¿fueron? / ¿eran? ¿estuvieron? / ¿estaban?	They were not no fueron / no eran no estuvieron / no estaban

REPASAR LAS SIGUIENTES EXPLICACIONES DE LOS TEMAS GRAMATICALES CON EL VERBO TO BE - PAST TENSE

EXPLICACIÓN:

Example:(MODO AFIRMATIVO)

- I was a good student. (Yo era un buen estudiante).
- We were old friends. (Nosotros éramos viejos amigos).
- He was a student. (Él era un estudiante).
- The pencil was on the desk. (El lápiz estaba sobre el escritorio).
- She was absent from class yesterday. (Ella no estaba en clase ayer).The sky was clear. (El cielo estaba limpio).
- The child was in the garden. (El niño estaba en el jardín).
- It was a pleasant day. (Fue un día placentero)
- She was sick yesterday. (Ella estaba enferma ayer).
- He was a businessman. (Él era un hombre de negocios).
- He was a lawyer. (Él era un abogado).
- Yesterday was Monday. (Ayer fue lunes).
- He and Mary were good students. (Él y Mary fueron buenos estudiantes).
- The man on the corner was waiting the bus. (Él hombre en la esquina estaba esperando el autobús).
- He was in Europe. (Él estaba en Europa).

(MODO NEGATIVO)

- I was not a good student. (Yo no era un buen estudiante).
- We were not old friends. (Nosotros no éramos viejos amigos).
- He was not a student. (Él no era un estudiante).
- The pencil was not on the desk. (El lápiz no estaba sobre el escritorio).
- She was not absent from class yesterday. (Ella estaba en clase ayer).
- The sky was not clear. (El cielo no estaba limpio).
- The child was not in the garden. (El niño no estaba en el jardín)
- It was not a pleasant day. (No fue un día placentero)
- She was not sick yesterday. (Ella no estaba enferma ayer).
- He was not a businessman. (Él no era un hombre de negocios).
- He was not a lawyer. (Él no era un abogado).
- Yesterday was not Monday. (No ayer fue lunes).He and Mary were not good students. (Él y Mary no fueron buenos estudiantes)
- The man on the corner was not waiting the bus. (Él hombre en la esquina no estaba esperando el autobús).

PAST SIMPLE TO BE – INTERROGATIVE FORM



Verb "to be": Present

Pronoun	Affirmative	Negative
I	I am - I'm	I am not - I'm not
you	you are - you're	you are not - you aren't
he	he is - he's	he is not - he isn't
she	she is - she's	she is not - she isn't
it	it is - it's	it is not - it isn't
we	we are - we're	we are not - we aren't
they	they are - they're	they are not - they aren't
you	you are - you're	you are not - you aren't

- Mira el siguiente video. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xeoYcCANQIU>

TO BE - PRESENTE SIMPLE - MODO INDICATIVO		
MODO AFIRMATIVO		MODO NEGATIVO
	Contracción	Contracción
I am	I'm	I am not
You are	You're	You aren't
He is	He's	He isn't
She is	She's	She isn't
It is	It's	It isn't
We are	We're	We aren't
You are	You're	You aren't
They are	They're	They aren't

TO BE Simple Present Tense

AFFIRMATIVE

NEGATIVE

SINGULAR

I am happy.
You are at school.
He is hungry.
She is a nurse.
It is big.

I am not sad.
You aren't at home.
He isn't thirsty.
She isn't a pilot.
It isn't small.

PLURAL

We are early.
You are students.
They are quiet.

We aren't late.
You aren't teachers.
They aren't noisy.

QUESTIONS

Affirmative They are happy. She is rich.

Question Are they happy? Is she rich?

Short Answer Yes, they are / No, they aren't Yes, she is / No, she isn't

CONTRACTIONS

I am not... He is not... You are not... We are not... They are not...
I'm not... He's not... You're not... We're not... They're not...
X (not possible) He isn't... You aren't... We aren't... They aren't...

www.grammar.cl www.woodwardenglish.com www.vocabulary.cl

EJERCICIOS:

Conjuga los verbos entre paréntesis en past simple. Utiliza las siguientes frases para completar las oraciones.

I am not a teacher.

They are having a party.

We are delighted to see him.

He is still sleeping.

She is a bit scared.

You are not on the list.

This/that is not a cat.

You are all at school.

Rellena los huecos

Completa estas frases con las palabras necesarias para que estén en pasado simple:

We _____ in Canberra last spring.

Jamie _____ 25 last June.

You _____ very busy on Friday.

I _____ at home yesterday.

_____ you at work this morning?

He _____ not surprised by the present.

It _____ not very dangerous.

She _____ interested in science.

1) I agreed with Mary about the money.

I with Mary about the money.

2) Mary cancelled her holiday.

Mary her holiday.

3) They celebrated their wedding anniversary last weekend.

They their wedding anniversary last weekend.

4) I telephoned the police when I got home.

I the police when I got home.

5) She visited her grandmother yesterday morning.

She her grandmother yesterday morning.

6) We talked about our schooldays.

We about our schooldays.

7) The girl studied all night.

The girl study all night.

8) The old man stayed in the library all day.

The old man in the library all day.

COMPLETE WITH THE PAST SIMPLE OF THE VERB TO BE

1. you at the supermarket yesterday? Yes, I
2. he at the swimming pool last week? No, he
3. Luke happy to see you? Yes, he
4. Mary and Susy good in Maths? Yes,
5. we at the market when he came in? No, we
6. they at the mountains last winter? No, they
7. your doctor in his studio yesterday? No, he
8. Jenny taller than you? Yes she

EVALUACIÓN:

- 1. Grabe un video explicando o presentando a los amigos y/o familiares usando el verbo to be en pasado basado en las actividades diarias de su vida cotidiana.
- 2. Complete las siguientes oraciones utilizando was - were según corresponda

1. He a quiet baby. He sleeping the whole night.
2. They at the swimmingpool this morning.
3. George and Alice at the movies yesterday.
4. The windows very clean.
5. Tom really tired on Monday.
6. The babies sick yesterday.
7. Are you happier today? You really serious yesterday.
8. The tax I paid for my car very high.
9. yesterday Thrusday? No, it .
10. you a good student when you my age?

CHOOSE THE CORRECT FORM

1. I **was/were** shorter than now.
2. Mary and Tom **wasn't/weren't** in town.
3. **Was/Were** they at the concert?
- 4. My mother **wasn't/weren't** a nurse.
5. We **was/were** good friends.
6. **Was/Were** Ted at the seaside?



ACTIVITY 3

Free worksheets with to be past
Choose Was, Were.

0



...it?

☒ Was☐ Were

1



...I?

☐ Was☐ Were

2



...they?

☐ Was☐ Were

3



...Bob?

☐ Was☐ Were

4



...star?

☐ Was☐ Were

5



...they?

☐ Was☐ Were

ACTIVITY 4

Free worksheets with to be past
Fill the gaps with the verb to past.



Tom was rich.



It _____ big.



_____ you happy?



We _____ ugly.



The shoe _____ expensive.



_____ it sunny?

BIBLIOGRAFÍA: