PROPÓSITO:

Verb to Be in Past (Was or Were)

El verbo to be es un verbo irregular, como se puede ver en sus formas en past simple (was or were) se pueden traducir por: yo fui / estuve / era / estaba, tú fuiste / estuviste / eras / estabas, etc.

Usamos was or were para indicar acciones que sucedieron en el pasado y que terminaron alli.

GRAMMATICAL RULES

- 1. Para los sujetos (I, He, She, It) usaremos Was.
- 2. Para los sujetos (You, We, They) usaremos Were.

I, He, She, It	Was
You, They, We	Were

STRUCTURE

Affirmative Was:

Sujeto + Verbo to Be (was) + Complemento

I was at home last night. She was happy in her travel. He was an excellent singer. It was a scary movie.

Affirmative Were:

Sujeto + Verbo to Be (were) + Complemento

You were angry last night. They were in Paris a month ago. We were the best football player.

Negative was:

Sujeto + Verbo to Be (was) + not + Complemento

I was not at home last night. She was not happy in her travel. He was not an excellent singer. It wasn't a scary movie.

Negative were:

Sujeto + Verbo to Be (were) + not + Complemento

You weren't angry last night. They were not in Paris a month ago. We were not the best football player.

Interrogative was or were:

Verbo to Be (was or were) + Sujeto + Complemento + ?

Were you angry last night? Was I in Paris a month ago?

MOTIVACIÓN:

1. Look at the video and learn more about the past was or were.

https://youtu.be/XtQxAcawmtg

Affirmative	Negative	Interrogative
l was	I was not (wasn't)	Was I?
You	You were not (weren't)	Were You?
He, She, It was	He, She, It was not (wasn't)	Was he, she, it?
We were	We were not (weren't)	Were we?
They were	They were not (weren't)	Were they?

EXPLICACIÓN:

Vocabulary - Past tense expressions

• Yesterday:

Yesterday, I went to the beach with my friend.

• The other day:

The other day Peter came over and we had a chat about our trip to Paris.

• Last week, last month, last year

<u>Last week</u>, the teacher explained us the use and form of the past simple.

Last month, I went to The Script concert .

Last year, the museum had a great exhibition.

• When (+ un momento concreto)

We started practice football together and becoming an item when we were in college.

• Ago (para cuando hablas de una cierta cantidad de tiempo)

I worked in that bakery two years ago

• In (+ año)

I moved to Germany in 2001.

Estas expresiones de tiempo sólo las puedes usar con el past simple.

EJERCICIOS:

2. Complete the following exercise.

https://create.kahoot.it/share/was-or-were/b24eb9d9-053c-4629-951a-6d3f01c96236

EVALUACIÓN:

Answer the following exercises and attach the screenshots with the obtained score.

https://agendaweb.org/exercises/verbs/to-be/past-simple-negative-forms

https://agendaweb.org/exercises/verbs/to-be/past-simple-write-1

https://www.englisch-hilfen.de/en/exercises/tenses/was were.htm

BIBLIOGRAFÍA:

https://es.stgeorges.com/blog/past-simple-expresio...

https://agendaweb.org/exercises/verbs/to-be/past-simple-negative-forms

https://agendaweb.org/exercises/verbs/to-be/past-simple-write-1

https://www.englisch-hilfen.de/en/exercises/tenses/was were.htm