PROPÓSITO:

Students will be able to use adjectives to describe people and customs and will be able to use the superiority, inferiority and equality comparison through the written texts.

MOTIVACIÓN:

Dear students the present guide has the pedagogical intention, to know about adjectives, comparatives ans superlatives, and how we can use them in oral and written texts. Can you describe a landscape?



EXPLICACIÓN:

Comparative Adjectives

When we talk about two things, we can "compare" them. We can see if they are the same or different. Perhaps they are the same in some ways and different in other ways. We can use comparative adjectives to describe the differences.

We use comparative adjectives when talking about **two** things (not three or more things).

Formation of Comparative Adjectives

There are two ways to make or to "form" a comparative adjective:

short adjectives: add "-er"long adjectives: use "more"

Short adjectives: add -er

1-syllable adjectives

2-syllable adjectives ending in -y

examples

old, fast

happy, easy

Short adjectives: add -er examples

RULE: add "-er" old ? older Variation: if the adjective ends in -e, just add -r late ? later

Variation: if the adjective ends in consonant, vowel, consonant, double the last

consonant big? bigger

Variation: if the adjective ends in -y, change the y to i happy ? happier

Long adjectives: use more examples

2-syllable adjectives not ending in -y modern, pleasant
all adjectives of 3 or more syllables expensive, intellectual

**RULE: use "more" modern expensive? more expensive

Retrieved from: https://www.englishclub.com/grammar/adjectives-comparative.htm

EXAMPLES

"I think Diwali is more colourful than the Chinese New Year."

"I think the food at Thanksgiving is nicer than the food in Diwali".

"In my opinion, tamales are spicier than turkey.

"I think the sweets of Diwali are sweeter than the oranges of Chinese New Year.

"Chinese New Year lasts longer than Colombian Christmas."

"In my opinion, a Thanksgiving meal is bigger than a Diwali meal."

Examples

- 1. The hotel room is **larger than** my bedroom at home.
- 2. An elephant is bigger than a horse.
- 3. Today's test was **easier than** last week's.
- 4. My new pillow is **softer than** my old one.

EJERCICIOS:

1. Keeping in mind the examples presented, solve this exercise.

Comparing Animals



When we compare two things we generally add "-er" to the adjective and use the word "than".					
	The gi	iraffe is taller than the	zebra.		
Task 1. Complete the sentences comparing the animals using the "-er" form and the word "than".					
	The mouse is		(small)	the horse.	
	The cat is		(clean)	the dog.	
	The turtle is		(slow)	the rabbit.	
525	The horse is		(fast)	the cow.	
Task 2. When an adjective has a CVC formation, we double the final consonant. (i.e. fat - fatter)					
The elephant i	s	(big)	the rhino.	-/4	
The hippo is _		(fat)	the zebra.	and the same of th	
A fish is		(wet)	a spider.		
A worm is		(slim)	a snake.	£ 2 %	
The hare is _		(mad)	the rabbit.		
Task 3. When some adjectives end in "-y" we change the "y" to "I". (i.e. happy - happier)					
Service III	The butterfly is		(pretty)	the beetle.	
	The parrot is	(noisy)		the canary.	
	The elephant is	(heavy)		the rhino.	
	The monkey is	(silly)		the gorilla.	
0 1 22	The shark is	(deadly)		the barracuda.	
Task 4. Some adjectives, particularly longer ones, use "morethan". (more interesting than)					
The peacock is	5	(beautiful)	the turkey.		
The lion is		(dangerous)	the jackal.		
The dolphin is		(intelligent)	the tuna.		
The snake is _		(interesting)	the worm.		
The wolf is		(vicious)	the fox.		
			_		

2. Complete the sentences using the comparative form of the adjective in brackets

a. Jake's room is	than Larry's room. <i>(small)</i>
b. The blue car is	than the black car. (nice)
c. This exercise is	than that one. (boring)
d. His pullover is	than his jeans. (dark)

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e. Susan's hair is	than my hair. <i>(long)</i>
f. George is	_ than Robert. <i>(funny)</i>
g. My result in the test w	as than Harry's. (good)
h. Gold is	than silver. (expensive)
j. Christine is	than Alice. <i>(smart)</i>
k. Football is	than handball. (popular)

EVALUACIÓN:

Please, write five (5) sentences using adjectives to compare different elements.

AND SELF EVALUATION

- 1.What I have learned?
- 2.What was easy from the lesson?
- 3.What was difficult?

BIBLIOGRAFÍA:

Here you can find some pages to practice about comparatives

https://agendaweb.org/grammar/comparative-adjectiv...

https://www.examenglish.com/grammar/a2_comparative...